

Lord of the Sabbath Mark 2:23-3:6

I. Jesus is authoritative over the Sabbath

- A. Disciples are not breaking Law, but Pharisees additions to the Law
- B. If David and his men are able, how much more is Jesus and His followers
- C. Jesus as the Lord of the Sabbath was an astounding claim
 - 1. Sabbath was a Holy Day
 - 2. Jesus as Lord of a Holy Day was a very authoritative claim
 - a. Only God could make such a claim
 - b. This authoritativeness was in keeping with the flow of the book
- D. Chapter 3.1-6 is the proof of the previous claim of Jesus as Lord of Sabbath
- E. Jesus is not primarily concerned about Sabbath behavior
 - 1. Question was primarily concerned about the authoritativeness of Jesus
 - 2. Jesus as Lord of the Sabbath would be something only God could claim

II. Sabbath was made for man, not man for the Sabbath

- A. Sabbath is a gift
 - 1. Gift was given to man
 - 2. Man was not given as a gift to Sabbath
- B. Word means to cease
- C. Commanded to cease from working on the Sabbath
- D. More to it than just not working
- E. Two parts to Sabbath
 - 1. To rest
 - 2. To be Holy
 - 3. Sabbath is to be a Holy Rest
- F. God is not tired when He rests...He surveys His work and is satisfied in it
- G. Sabbath is given to mankind to rest and wonder at God

Questions

- 1. Why is it we as human beings gravitate so often towards "religion" (i.e. adding or taking away rules and measuring ourselves externally?)
- 2. What is so significant about Jesus being the Lord of the Sabbath?
- 3. Why would God give Sabbath as a gift to mankind?
- 4. Why do we not participate in Sabbath?
- 5. What are some things we can do to build in these two aspects of Sabbath into our lives?
- 6. Why does a lack of Sabbath contribute to a lack of depth?