

What Should we Do with Our Doubts?

<u>Overview</u>

Three steps in dealing with Doubt:

Step #1: Admit We All Struggle with Doubts

- If John the Baptist has the greatest 'resume' one can have, yet he deals with doubt
- The Bible is refreshingly honest at this point and presents numerous people who had doubts (Abraham, Job, the Psalms, Jeremiah, Doubting Thomas, etc)
- Even non-Christians have doubts (i.e. Richard Dawkins NY Times interview)
- *Warning:* Just because doubt is common does not mean it is not serious; left alone, it can grow and loom and fester and choke out any faith

Step #2: Diagnose Your Doubt

- It is not enough to simply Admit our doubts, but we must seek to Diagnose our doubts
- 3 Types of Doubt
 - o Intellectual: this is the type of doubt that asks for evidence
 - Jesus points John to the evidence (Is. 35:4-6; Is. 61:1) to show he is the Messiah
 - o Emotional: this is the type that arises out of feelings, not out of facts; it focuses on the "what if"
 - Jesus shifts John's mind from sheer possibilities to the most likely probability
 - Subjective, objective, and logical evidence all point to the truth claims of Christianity
 - Moral: this type of doubt arises from a critical heart and from a decision not to believe
 - The Pharisees say Jesus isn't the Messiah because he can't be the Messiah because they don't want him to be the Messiah
 - For those genuinely looking to overcome moral doubt, Jesus points them to the sign of his death, burial and resurrection

Step #3: Examine the Faith Beneath Your Doubt

- Everyone lives by faith
 - o John the Baptist had faith that God would bring the Messiah; his question arises out of faith (v. 3)
 - The Pharisees have faith in their own morality and reasoning; they say Jesus performs miracles by demonic agency (12:24)
 - Even Dawkins lives his life based on the "assumption" God is not there; that is a faith statement
- The difference is not if we have faith, or even how much we have, but the object in which it is put
 - $\,\circ\,$ Our own reasoning, feelings, efforts, morals, traditions, friends, etc. all fail
 - Putting our faith in one of these things equates to putting your faith in something you know is 'broken'
- Placing faith in Jesus
 - We know Jesus is faithful because he did exactly what he said he would: live the perfect life, died on the cross in our place for our sin, and raise again on the third day

Questions

- 1. Doubt is often difficult to talk about. Why do you think that is?
- 2. Why is it important to admit our doubts? How can we create an environment where doubts are welcome, but taken seriously?
- 3. How does the Bible encourage you or discourage you during moments of doubt?
- 4. What is the danger in doubting everything?
- 5. Of the three kinds of doubt, what type are you most prone to struggle with? How can you overcome that type of doubt?
- 6. How can we help someone who is struggling with 'Moral' doubt?
- 7. Why is it important to see that everyone lives by faith?
- 8. How can we trust that Jesus will not fail us?